

RADIO-GALAXY PHYSICS AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

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with thanks to Beatriz Mingo, Judith Ineson, Martin Hardcastle, Brendan Webster, LoTSS DR1: T. Shimwell, C. Tasse, W. Williams, K. Duncan, J. Sabater, P. Best, H. Röttgering, & many more...

Radio galaxies at metre wavelengths (1961)





Leslie+ 1961

Radio galaxies at metre wavelengths (2019)





Radio AGN and galaxy evolution











What do we still have to learn?



- Life cycles of radio galaxies
- Physics and inference of energetic impact
- Populations, environments and evolution



Hardcastle+ (in prep)

The LoTSS view of radio galaxies





1 deg²

Life cycles of radio galaxies



MW-like galaxies switched on at 10^{24} W/Hz > 0.1% of the time, ~few Myr =>10-kpc jets (E ~ 10^{56} erg)

Small (young?) radio galaxies





Webster+ in prep

Restarting & remnant

radio galaxies





see Brienza+ 2016, Mahatma+ 2018, 2019

Do we still have new things to learn about "ordinary" radio galaxies?





Morphology matters for energy estimates





Croston+ 2018 MNRAS 476 1614

A new population of low-luminosity FRIIs?





cf Best+ 2009, Miraghaei+ 2017





RA (12000







The role of jet/environment interaction



B. Mingo in prep.



cf Ledlow & Owen 1996

Large-scale environment matters

- LoTSS DR1 AGN matched with SDSS
 cluster catalogues
- 900 jet/cluster matches
- Cluster match fraction and environmental richness both linked to radio luminosity (cf Ineson+ 2015)
- Most radio galaxies (even at high luminosity) are in galaxy groups.
- Environment depends on FR class and accretion mode
 Croston+ 2019 A&A 622 A10





Some future prospects for AGN with LoTSS

- Morphological and size evolution as a tracer of environmental changes (FRIs at z~2!)
- Determining energetic impact at z>1

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- Finding and characterizing baryon distributions of groupscale halos at z>1 (Croston+ 2017 MNRAS 470 1943)
- Life cycles as a function of host galaxy, wider environment, and z
- Robustly link together AGN evolution and cluster relic and halo emission.

Finding high-z groups with radio surveys





Summary



- Radio+X-ray studies over the last decade have provided systematic view of radio-galaxy physical conditions.
 - FRI and FRII radio galaxies have different particle content, likely caused by disruption and entrainment in FRIs
- Radio galaxies mainly inhabit galaxy group environments
- Sensitive low-frequency surveys are complicating the picture with new populations, but we are learning a lot about life cycles
- Excellent prospects to determine evolution of key properties and high redshift feedback role of radio AGN with LoTSS