

#### About Radio Outflows in Radio-Quiet AGN

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### Radio-Quiet AGN

>80% of AGN are RQ

Useful definition by *Kellermann*+ 1989  $R \equiv S_{6 \text{ cm}}/S_{4400 \text{ Å}} < 10$ 

Seyfert galaxies, LINERs, RQQs

10 - 100 pc — 10 - 20 kpc radio outflows (*Ulvestad*+ 1981, *Baum*+ 1993, *Thean*+ 2000, *Gallimore*+ 2006)

Differences from the Radio-Loud AGN class ascribed to differences in BH masses, BH spins, accretion rates, jet-ISM interaction, etc. (*Blandford 1990, Wilson & Colbert* 1995, Sikora+ 2007)

Contamination from stellar processes confuses the origin of radio emission: Disentanglement becomes important.

Must be done before understanding the nature of outflows



NGC1068



70 RQ AGN with GMRT at 325, 610, 1400 MHz. *θ* ~ 2", 5", 10"

While >50% show AGN-related outflows, galactic emission prominent at low *v* 

**NGC4051**: Radio jet [325-1400 MHz]  $\alpha = -0.6 \pm 0.1$  consistent with synchrotron. Galactic Disk emission  $\alpha = -0.12 \pm 0.06$ , consistent with free-free emission

**Others:** Galactic Disk + Continuum Halo  $\alpha = -0.9 \pm 0.1$ . Impossible to identify AGN

#### Disentangle AGN & Galactic Contributions via Polarimetry

- \* EXPECTATIONS from POLARIMETRY
- More organized magnetic fields in AGN outflows. Galactic emission a mixture of nonthermal synchrotron + thermal free-free - *m* lower
- 10 Seyferts + 8 SB with EVLA at
  1.4 and 5 GHz
- Detected the presence of secondary misaligned radio lobes in polarized light in NGC2639
- \* <u>Check out Biny Sebastian's Poster</u>



# 10-100 pc to Kpc: NGC2992

- \* Sy2 at z=0.0077
- \* 2 kpc VLA lobes at 5 GHz
- 40 pc eMERLIN one-sided jet at 5 GHz
- Curved jets from pc subkpc - kpc-scales imply a connection from AGN to lobes
- Secondary lobes revealed in NGC2992 from polarimetry (CHANGES, *Irwin*+ 2017)
- Supports a jet origin for the lobes



#### Seyferts on Parsec-scales: KISSR1219



- Seyfert 2 at z = 0.0375
- FIRST flux density, S<sub>FIRST</sub>~6 mJy
- Steep spectrum 5 kpc jet with EVLA, 70 pc jet with VLBA at 1.5 GHz
- *(Kharb+ 2017)*



## Seyferts on Parsec-scales: KISSR434



- \* Seyfert 2 at z=0.0641
- \*  $S_{FIRST} \sim 6 mJy$
- \* 150 parsec VLBA jet at 1.4 GHz (*Kharb*+ 2019)

### Jet One Sidedness



\* (*Kharb*+ 2019)

Jet-to-counterjet surface brightness ratio

$$J = \left(\frac{1 + \beta \cos \theta}{1 - \beta \cos \theta}\right)^p$$

Observed  $J \ge 21$ 

Sy 2 with torus half opening angle ~ 50 deg (Simpson+ 1996)

Jet inclination  $\geq$  50 deg

For  $p = 2 + \alpha = 3$ 

Jet speed  $\ge 0.75c$ 

(*v* = 0.9*c* in III Zw 2; *Brunthaler*+ 2000)

In KISSR1219, Jet speed  $\ge 0.55c$  to  $\ge 0.25c$  from parsec to kpc-scales for jet inclination  $\ge 50$  deg

## Jet Bending - Rotating ISM?



\* (*Kharb*+ 2019)

"Bending equation" from momentum transfer relation (*de Young 2000*):

$$\rho_{\rm jet}.v_{\rm jet}^2/R_{\rm b} = \rho_{\rm ext}.v_{\rm rel}^2/R_{\rm sc}$$

 $R_{sc} = R_{jet} = 10 \text{ parsec}, R_b = 375 \text{ parsec}$ 

$$\eta = \rho_{jet} / \rho_{ext} = 0.01 \text{ (light jet)} \Rightarrow$$

 $v_{rel} > 3600 \text{ km/s}$ . Too large!

## Jet Bending - Precession?



(*Kharb*+ 2019)

Precessing Jet model (*Hjellming & Johnston 1981 for SS433*) best-fit parameters

Jet inclination = 50 deg (fixed)

Jet Speed = 0.75c (fixed)

Precession cone half-opening angle = 40 deg

Precession Period =  $1.8 \times 10^4$  yr

### Precession due to BBHs?

• Geodetic precession period of massive BH "M" orbited by smaller BH "m" (*Begelman*+ 1980)

 $P_{prec} \sim 600 \, r_{16}^{5/2} \, (M/m) \, M_8^{-3/2} \, yr$ 

- An equal mass binary BH with a separation ( $r_{16}$  in units of  $10^{16}$  cm) of  $0.015\pm0.005$  pc needed to match jet precession period. Cannot be ruled out by present data.
- For radio powerful galaxies, BBH separations ~0.05 pc (Krause+ 2019)

## Summary

- RQAGN exhibit radio outflows on scales of 10-100 pc to 10-20 kpc
- \* Low frequency observations with the GMRT detect a large fraction of radio lobes, but also more galactic emission
- Trying to disentangle AGN & Stellar contribution using Spectral Indices + Polarimetry
- \* VLBI reveals (one-sided!) AGN jets.
- Multiple misaligned Lobes + Curved jets appearing to connect to the lobes support an AGN jet origin for RQAGN lobes.