

International Centre for Radio Astronomy Research



GLEAM and Beyond: Radio Surveys with the Murchison Widefield Array

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https://gleamoscope.icrar.org



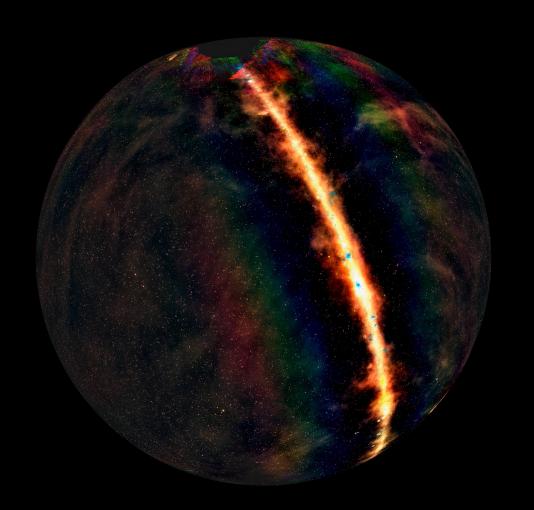


GaLactic and Extragalactic All-sky MWA survey



Accepted Publications

- Riseley et al. 2018: The POlarised GLEAM Survey (POGS) I: First Results from a Low-Frequency Radio Linear Polarisation Survey of the Southern Sky
- For et al. 2018: A multifrequency radio continuum study of the Magellanic Clouds I. Overall structure and star formation rates
- Su et al. 2018: Galactic synchrotron distribution derived from 152 H II region absorption features in the full GLEAM survey
- Galvin et al. 2018: The spectral energy distribution of powerful starburst galaxies I. Modelling the radio continuum
- Callingham et al 2017: Extragalactic Peaked-spectrum Radio Sources at Low Frequencies
- George et al. 2017: A study of halo and relic radio emission in merging clusters using the Murchison Widefield Array
- Kapinska et al. 2017: Spectral Energy Distribution and Radio Halo of NGC 253 at Low Radio Frequencies
- Murphy et al. 2017: Low-Frequency Spectral Energy Distributions of Radio Pulsars Detected with the Murchison Widefield Array
- Murphy et al. 2017: A search for long-time-scale, low-frequency radio transients
- Su et al. 2017: Galactic synchrotron emissivity measurements between 250° < I < 355° from the GLEAM survey with the MWA
- Hurley-Walker et al. 2017: GaLactic and Extragalactic All-sky Murchison Widefield Array (GLEAM) survey I. A low-frequency extragalactic catalogue
- Callingham et al. 2016: Low radio frequency observations and spectral modelling of the remnant of Supernova 1987A
- Lenc et al. 2016: Low-frequency Observations of Linearly Polarized Structures in the Interstellar Medium near the South Galactic Pole
- Hindson et al 2016: A Large-Scale, Low-Frequency Murchison Widefield Array Survey of Galactic H ii Regions between 260 < I < 340
- Wayth et al. 2015: GLEAM: The GaLactic and Extragalactic All-Sky MWA Survey



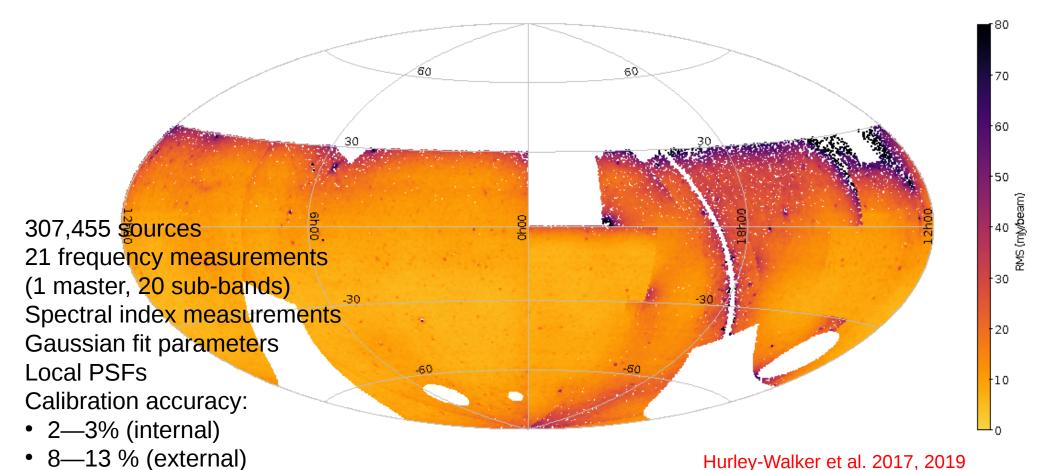
GLEAM Data

- Images
 - gleam-vo.icrar.org or SkyView
 - 8-MHz sub-bands from 72 231
 MHz
 - Wideband 30 60 MHz images
- Catalogue
 - 307,455 sources
 - ~25mJy/beam flux limit
 - 20 flux densities
 - Spectral indices for ~80% of sources
- For the public
 - GLEAM on Google Play
 - gleamoscope.icrar.org

Red = 72 – 103 MHz Green = 103 – 134 MHz Blue = 139 – 170 MHz

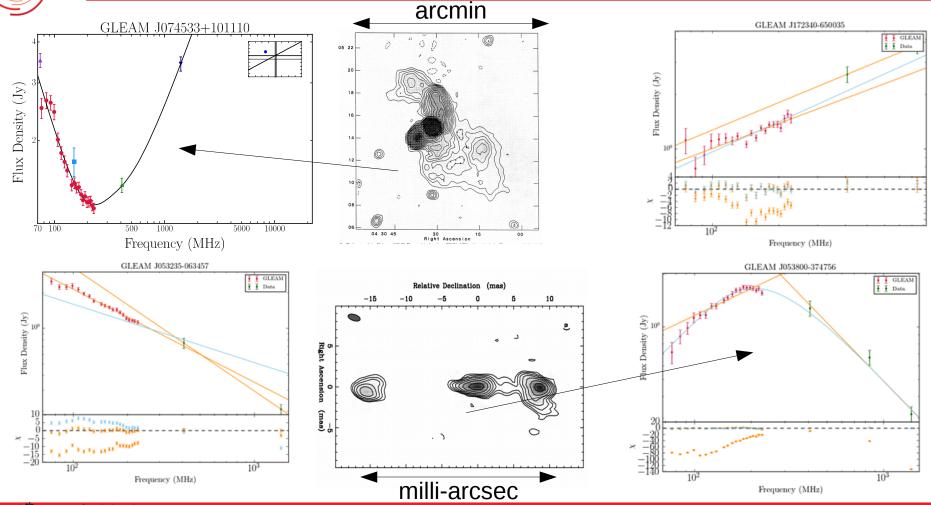


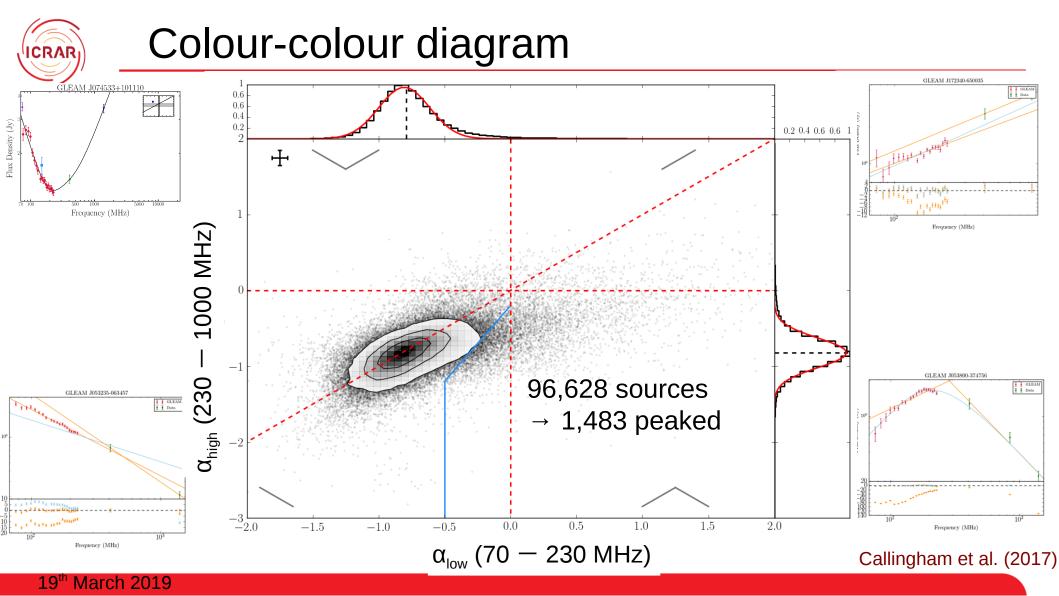
GLEAM Extragalactic Catalogue





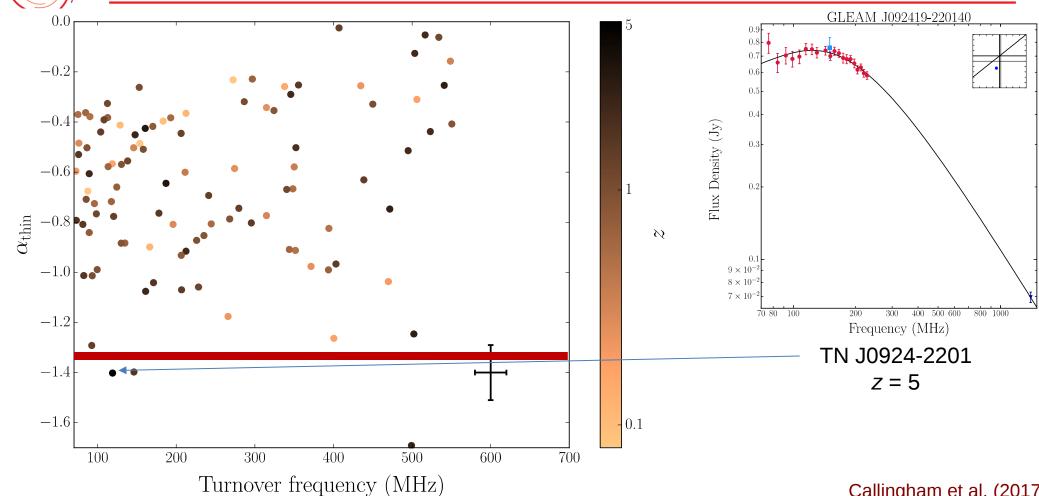
Different sources, different spectra





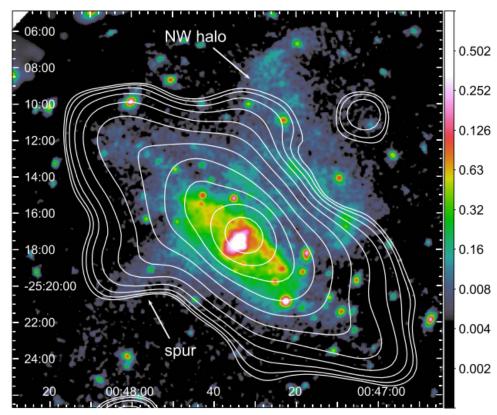


High-Redshift Universe





Local starforming galaxies



- 08:00 0.1 0.2 12:00 0.3 0.4 16:00 _{0.5} α 0.6 -25:20:00 0.7 0.8 24:00 0.9 20.0 0:48:00.0 40.0 20.0 47:00

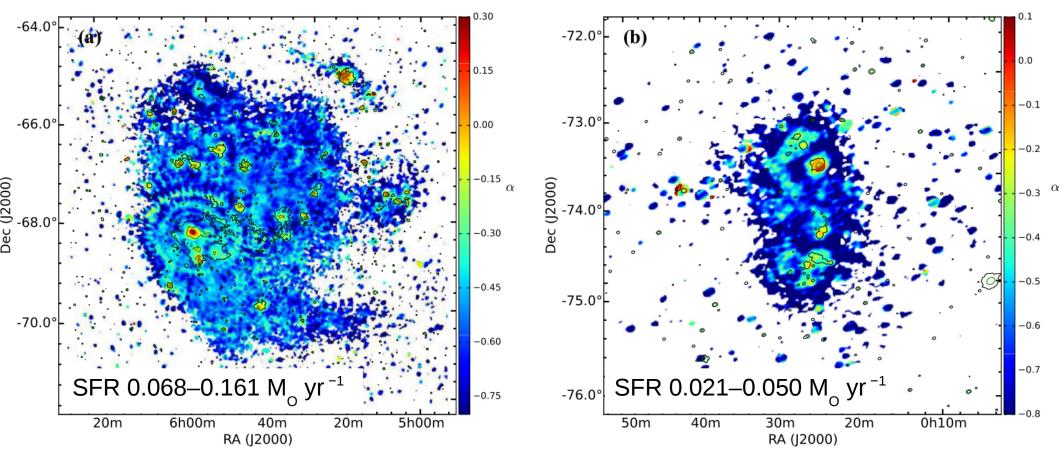
Right ascension (J2000)

GLEAM contours over X-ray emission

Kapinska et al. (2017): SED and radio halo of NGC 253



Magellanic Clouds

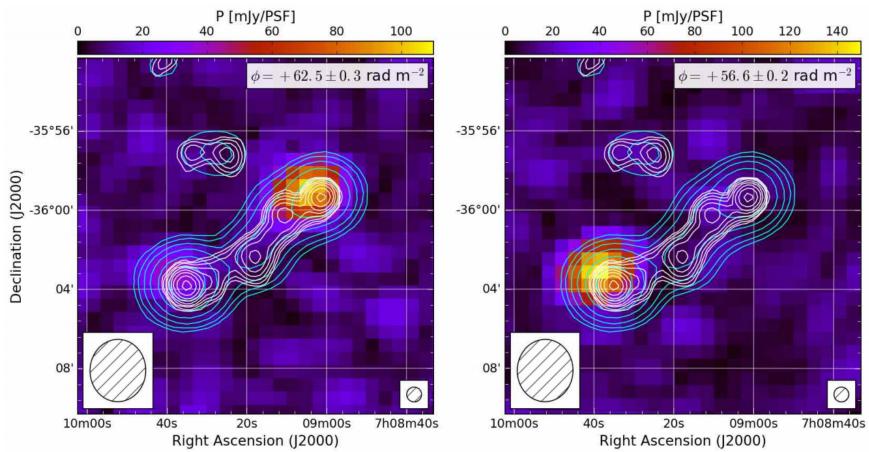


Star formation rate from 150 MHz-H α relation (Brown et al. 2017)

For et al. (2018): A radio continuum study of the MCs



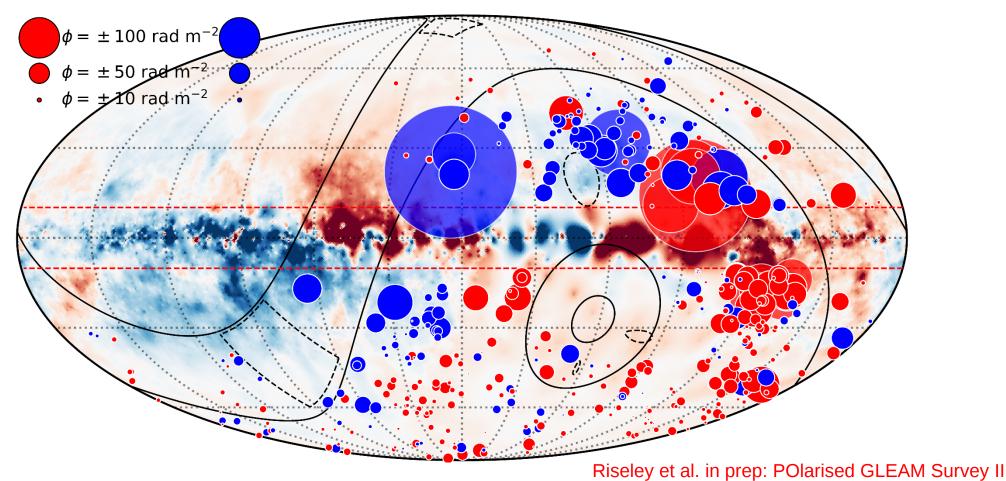
Polarised GLEAM Survey (POGS)



Riseley et al. (2018): POlarised GLEAM Survey I

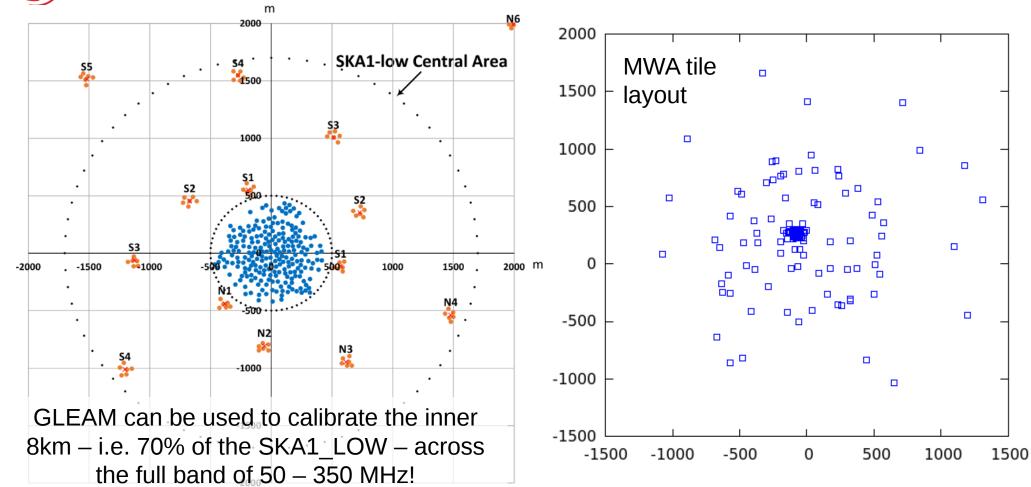


Polarised GLEAM Survey (POGS)





SKA_Low-ready sky model



GLEAM: Galactic Plane Imaging

BEFORE

Access to wider areas via improved peeling

Better deconvolution of large-scale structure (Multiscale WSClean)

Removed image artefacts

Accurate flux calibration

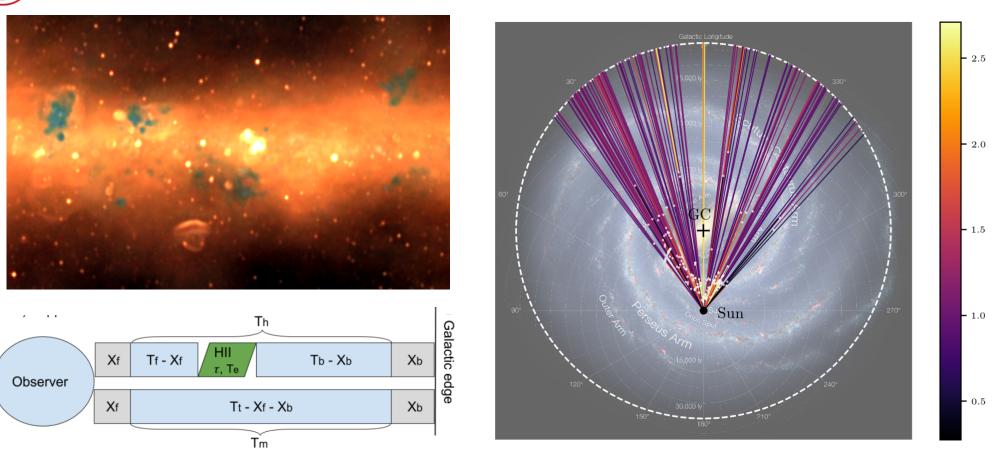
AFTER

RMS 10 – 20 mJy/beam @ 200MHz

Hurley-Walker et al. (submitted): GLEAM GP across $345^{\circ} < l < 60^{\circ}$, $180^{\circ} < l < 240^{\circ}$



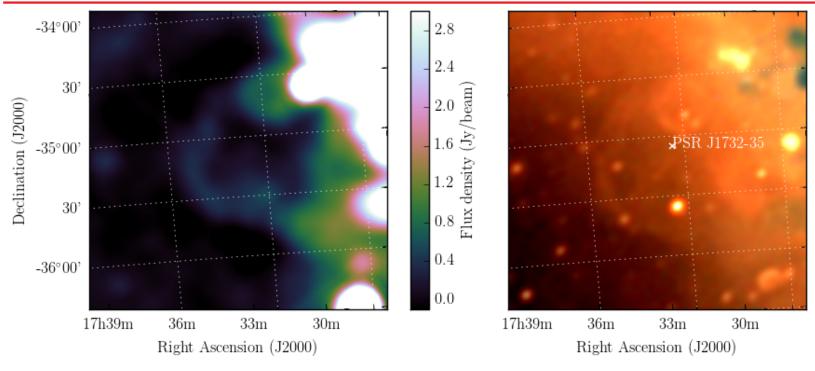
Cosmic Ray Tomography



Su et al. 2018: Galactic synchrotron distribution derived from 152 H II region absorption features in the full GLEAM survey



Known SNR candidates: G353.3-1.1



Parkes, 2.4 GHz (Duncan+95)

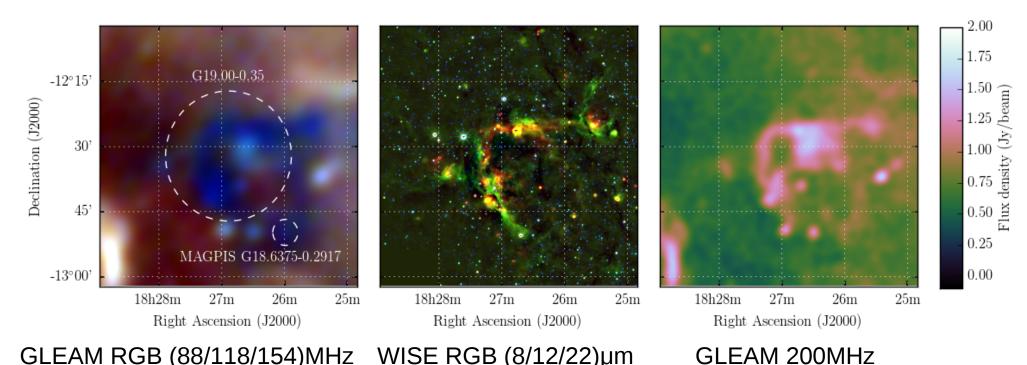
$$\alpha$$
=-0.85, S_{200MHz}~100Jy

GLEAM GP RGB

Hurley-Walker et al. (submitted): Follow-up of SNR candidates with GLEAM



Known SNR candidates: G19.00-0.35

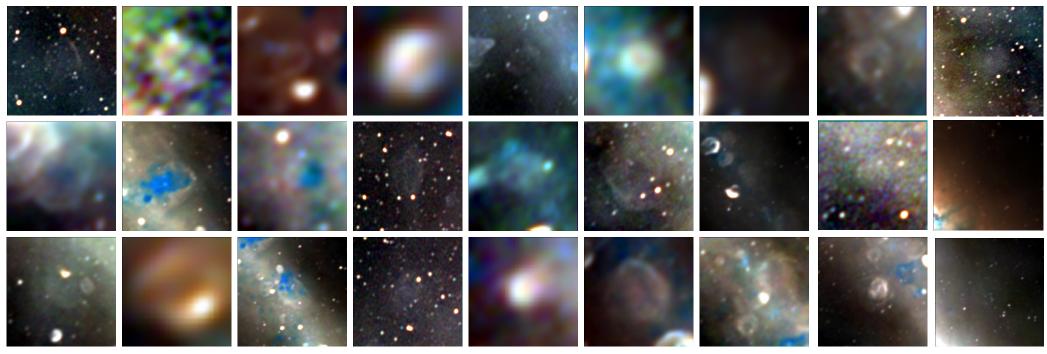


Proposed by Gosachinski 1985 Clearly a (complex of) Hii region(s)!

Hurley-Walker et al. (submitted): Follow-up of SNR candidates with GLEAM



27 new radio supernova remnants

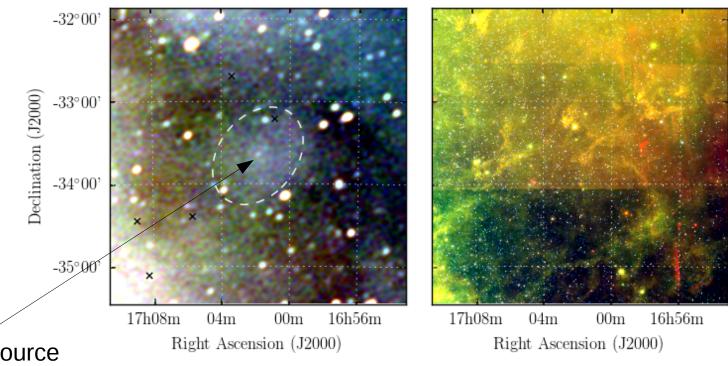


Hurley-Walker et al. (submitted): New candidate SNRs from GLEAM



New pulsars?

G 350.8+5.1



Compact source α=-1.4 Pulsar?

GLEAM RGB (88/118/154)MHz WISE RGB (8/12/22)um

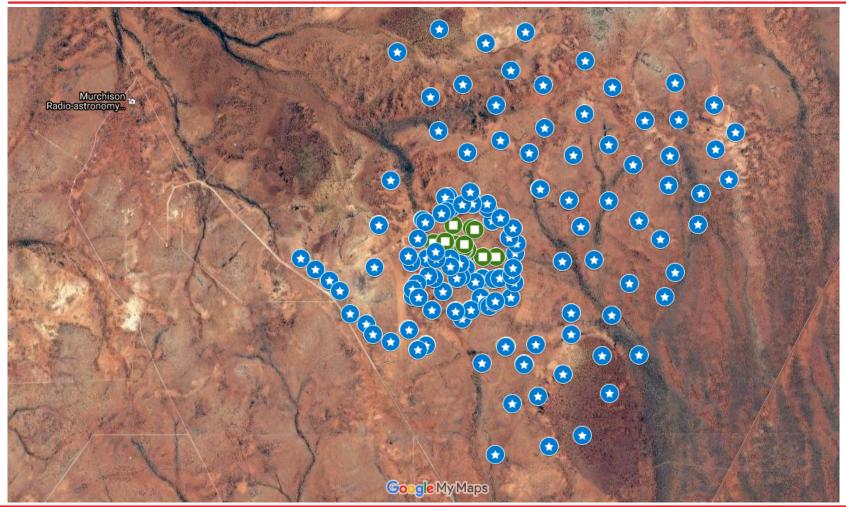


Surveys with the extended MWA



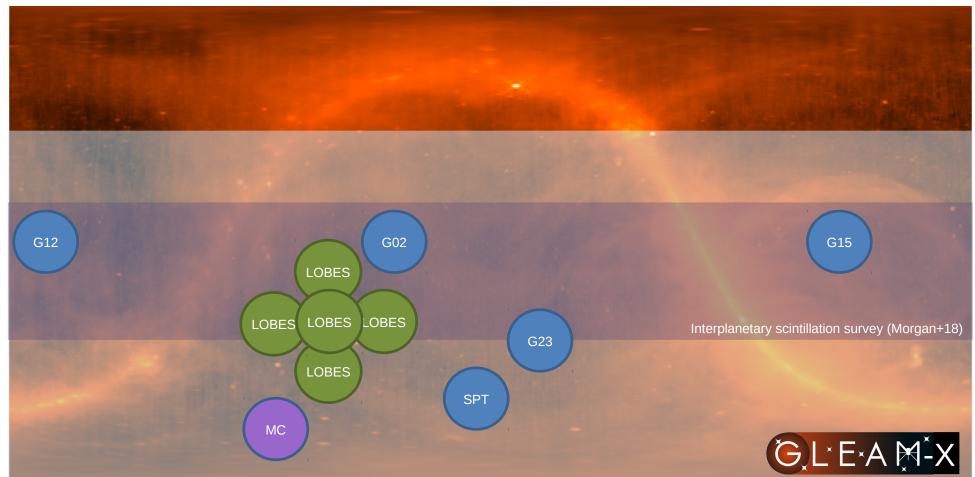


Surveys with the extended MWA



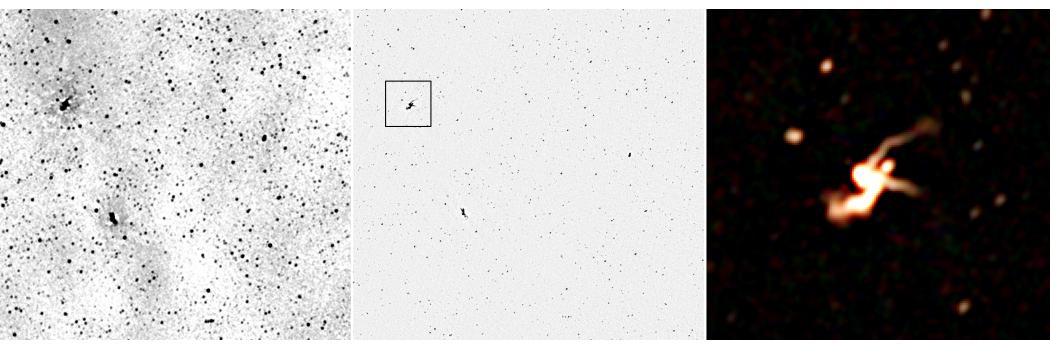


Surveys with the extended MWA





GLEAM-eXtended

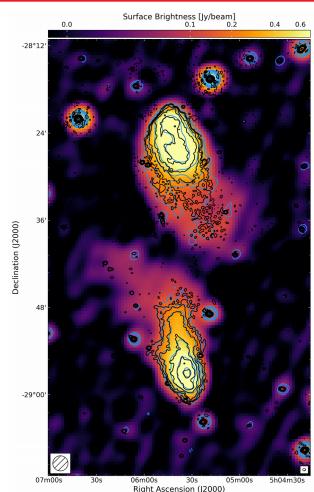


GLEAM 170 – 231 MHz RMS: ~7 mJy/beam Resolution: 2' GLEAM-X 170 – 231 MHz RMS: ~2 mJy/beam Resolution: 1' GLEAM-X
Red = 72 - 103 MHz
Green = 103 - 134 MHz
Blue = 139 - 170 MHz



Complementarity with Rapid ASKAP Continuum Survey

- Combine GLEAM-X and RACS for:
 - Cluster & radio galaxy morphologies including diffuse emission
 - Wideband SEDs for >1M radio sources from 72MHz – 1.4GHz
 - Precision RM measurements of radio galaxy lobes
 - Galactic astrophysics
 - ... and more!
- RACS observations in progress
- Overlap and collaboration between teams



ESO 422

- Colourscale: GLEAM-X 88MHz
- Black contours: ASKAP RACS

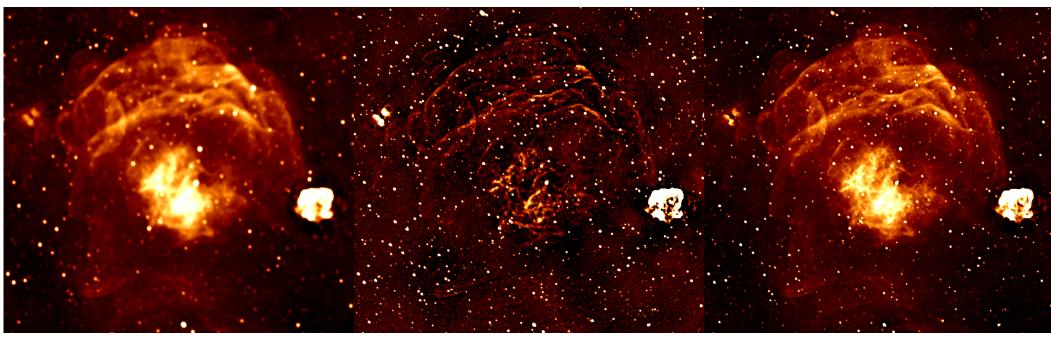
Image credit: Stefan Duschene (ICRAR) Susannah Keel (CSIRO) Chris Riseley (CSIRO)

ASKAP, MRO





Combining GLEAM and GLEAM-X



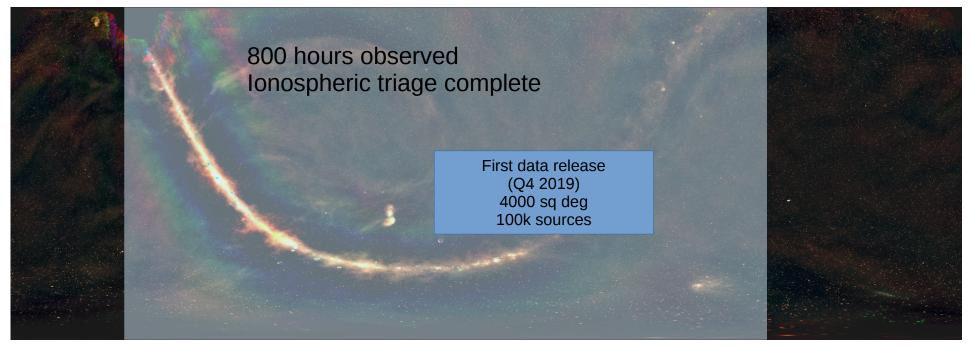
GLEAM 72 – 103 MHz Resolution: 2' MWA Phase II 72 – 103 MHz Resolution: 1' Credit: Chenoa Tremblay (CSIRO)

Feathered combination

Vital for studies of the Galactic Plane and other types of extended emission!



GLEAM-X Survey status





GLEAM-X Survey status

